

International Law describe the duty as one to avoid "military, political, economic or any other form of coercion aimed against the political independence or territorial integrity of any state." It is clear that any form of punitive action is illegal. It is also important to note that it is not just the use of force that is prohibited, but the threat of force. This raises questions as to the legality of Turkey's determination to continue its military cross-border operations. Turkey stated that these raids were with consent of the United States and providing intelligence assistance and information to Turkey. If Turkey is telling the truth it is unacceptable that the United States, in charge of monitoring our airspace, authorized Turkey to bomb civilians. I strongly condemn Turkish air strikes which were probably designed to terrorize the local Kurdish civilians. The principle that civilians must be protected lies at the heart of the International Law of Armed Conflict. I urge you to do everything necessary to protect civilian Kurds. I urge you to call upon Turkish government to immediately end the military actions and use dialogue to solve the PKK issue. A continuous escalation of the conflict will cause more suffering to civilians in the region, which so far has been the stable part of Iraq. Finally I urge you to ensure in all circumstances the respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms in accordance with the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and with international and regional human rights instruments ratified by Turkey and Iraq. I look for your urgent intervention into this matter. Yours respectfully,
 Speaker of the United States House of Representatives
 Congresswoman Nancy Pelosi
 Office of the Speaker
 H-232, US Capitol
 Washington, DC 20515 USA

Fax: + 202 225 8259 E-mail: sf.nancy@mail.house.gov AmericanVoices@mail.house.gov
 Dear Speaker Pelosi, I am writing you to express my deepest concern over Turkish military actions inside Kurdistan region in Northern Iraq. The killing of civilians and the destruction of villages - homes and property represent a gross violation of the Geneva conventions. Turkish Army flattened a series of small villages ranging between 20 and 70 kilometers inside Iraq. The attacks against civilian Kurds are violent invasion of territory. Turkey is bound by international law. The effect of Article 2(4) Charter of the United Nations is very simple. It makes it illegal under international law to use force against another state. The 1970 Declaration on Principles of International Law describe the duty as one to avoid "military, political, economic or any other form of coercion aimed against the political independence or territorial integrity of any state." It is clear that any form of punitive action is illegal. It is also important to note that it is not just the use of force that is prohibited, but the threat of force. This raises questions as to the legality of Turkey's determination to continue its military cross-border operations. Turkey stated that these raids were with consent of the United States and providing intelligence assistance and information to Turkey. If Turkey is telling the truth it is unacceptable that the United States, in charge of monitoring our airspace, authorized Turkey to bomb civilians. I strongly condemn Turkish air strikes which were probably designed to terrorize the local Kurdish civilians. The principle that civilians must be protected lies at the heart of the International Law of Armed Conflict. I urge you to do everything necessary to protect civilian Kurds. I urge you to call upon Turkish government to immediately end the military actions and use dialogue to solve the PKK issue. A continuous escalation of the conflict will cause more suffering to civilians in the region, which so far has been the stable part of Iraq. Finally I urge you to ensure in all circumstances the respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms in accordance with the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and with international and regional human rights instruments ratified by Turkey and Iraq. I look for your urgent intervention into this matter. Yours respectfully,
 Council of Europe
 office55, avenue Kléber
 F - 75784 Paris Cedex 16 Paris
 France
 Fax: +33 (0)1 47 27 36 47

Dear members of Council of Europe I am writing you to express my deepest concern over Turkish military actions inside Kurdistan region in Northern Iraq. The killing of civilians and the destruction of villages - homes and property represent a gross violation of the Geneva conventions. Turkish Army flattened a series of small villages ranging between 20 and 70 kilometers inside Iraq. The attacks against civilian Kurds are violent invasion of territory. Turkey is bound by international law. The effect of Article 2(4) Charter of the United Nations is very simple. It makes it illegal under international law to use force against another state. The 1970 Declaration on Principles of International Law describe the duty as one to avoid "military, political, economic or any other form of coercion aimed against the political independence or territorial integrity of any state." It is clear that any form of punitive action is illegal. It is also important to note that it is not just the use of force that is prohibited, but the threat of force. This raises questions as to the legality of Turkey's determination to continue its military cross-border operations. Turkey stated that these raids were with consent of the United States and providing intelligence assistance and information to Turkey. If Turkey is telling the truth it is unacceptable that the United States, in charge of monitoring our airspace, authorized Turkey to bomb civilians. I strongly condemn Turkish air strikes which were probably designed to terrorize the local Kurdish civilians. The principle that civilians must be protected lies at the heart of the International Law of Armed Conflict. I urge you to do everything necessary to protect civilian Kurds. I also reiterate that as a possible future EU member, Turkey must uphold to the highest standards in the promotion and protection of human rights. But Turkey, instead of granting Kurds minority rights in Turkey, is violating Kurdish civilian's rights in North Iraq. I urge you to call upon Turkish government to immediately end the military actions and use dialogue to solve the PKK issue. I call on the international community and all good forces to condemn strongly the military interventions in general and the recent air strikes and operations in particular. A continuous escalation of the conflict will cause more suffering to civilians in the region, which so far has been the stable part of Iraq. Finally I urge you to ensure in all circumstances the respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms in accordance with the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and with international and regional human rights instruments ratified by Turkey and Iraq. I look for your urgent intervention into this matter. Yours respectfully,
 Council of Europe office
 In Brussels

12, avenue Tervuren
 B - 1040 Brussels
 Fax: +33 2 230 94 62

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 Office of the Spokesperson for the Secretary-General
 United Nations, S-378
 New York, NY 10017USA

Fax: 212-963-7055 Subject: Please forward to His Excellency Bab Ki-Moon Dear Mr. Secretary-General, I am writing you to express my deepest concern over Turkish military actions inside Kurdistan region in Northern Iraq. The killing of civilians and the destruction of villages - homes and property represent a gross violation of the Geneva conventions. Turkish Army flattened a series of small villages ranging between 20 and 70 kilometers inside Iraq. The attacks against civilian Kurds are violent invasion of territory. Turkey is bound by international law. The effect of Article 2(4) Charter of the United Nations is very simple. It makes it illegal under international law to use force against another state. The 1970 Declaration on Principles of International Law describe the duty as one to avoid "military, political, economic or any other form of coercion aimed against the political independence or territorial integrity of any state." It is clear that any form of punitive action is illegal. It is also important to note that it is not just the use of force that is prohibited, but the threat of force. This raises questions as to the legality of Turkey's determination to continue its military cross-border operations. Turkey stated that these raids were with consent of the United States and providing intelligence assistance and information to Turkey. If Turkey is telling the truth it is unacceptable that the United States, in charge of monitoring our airspace, authorized Turkey to bomb civilians. I strongly condemn Turkish air strikes which were probably designed to terrorize the local Kurdish civilians. The principle that civilians must be protected lies at the heart of the International Law of Armed Conflict. I urge you to do everything necessary to protect civilian Kurds. I also reiterate that as a possible future EU member, Turkey must uphold to the highest standards in the promotion and protection of human rights. But Turkey, instead of granting Kurds minority rights in Turkey, is violating Kurdish civilian's rights in North Iraq. I urge you to call upon Turkish government to immediately end the military actions and use dialogue to solve the PKK issue. I call on the international community and all good forces to condemn strongly the military interventions in general and the recent air strikes and operations in particular. A continuous escalation of the conflict will cause more suffering to civilians in the region, which so far has been the stable part of Iraq. Finally I urge you to ensure in all circumstances the respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms in accordance with the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and with international and regional human rights instruments ratified by Turkey and Iraq. I look for your urgent intervention into this matter. Yours respectfully
 Embassy of Republic of Iraq - Norway E-mail:

oslemb@iraqmofamail.net Subject: Please forward to His Excellency Jalal Talabani - The President of Iraq Your Excellency I am writing you to express my deepest concern over Turkish military actions inside Kurdistan region in Northern Iraq. The killing of civilians and the destruction of villages - homes and property represent a gross violation of the Geneva conventions. Turkish Army flattened a series of small villages ranging between 20 and 70 kilometers inside Iraq. The attacks against civilian Kurds are violent invasion of territory. Turkey is bound by international law. The effect of Article 2(4) Charter of the United Nations is very simple. It makes it illegal under international law to use force against another state. The 1970 Declaration on Principles of International Law describe the duty as one to avoid "military, political, economic or any other form of coercion aimed against the political independence or territorial integrity of any state." It is clear that any form of punitive action is illegal. It is also important to note that it is not just the use of force that is prohibited, but the threat of force. This raises questions as to the legality of Turkey's determination to continue its military cross-border operations. I strongly condemn Turkish air strikes which were probably designed to terrorize the

local Kurdish civilians. The principle that civilians must be protected lies at the heart of the International Law of Armed Conflict. I urge you to do everything necessary to protect civilian Kurds. There are 2.2 million civilians who fled out of Iraq and 2.4 million are internal displaced. Iraq doesn't need more refugees. I urge you also to urge the Turkish military immediately to stop the air strikes and all military intervention to the area. A continuous escalation of the conflict will cause more suffering to civilians in the region, which so far has been the stable part of Iraq. Finally I urge you to ensure in all circumstances the respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms in accordance with the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and with international and regional human rights instruments ratified by Turkey and Iraq. I look for your urgent intervention into this matter. Yours respectfully Kurdish regional Government offices The Kurdistan Regional Government in Erbil, Iraq

Link: <http://www.krg.org/contact.asp?lngnr=12&smap=01000000> Choose: Department of Foreign relations Subject: Please forward to His Excellency president Masud Barzani Your Excellency, I am writing you to express my deepest concern over Turkish military actions inside Kurdistan region in Northern Iraq. The killing of civilians and the destruction of villages - homes and property represent a gross violation of the Geneva conventions. Turkish Army flattened a series of small villages ranging between 20 and 70 kilometers inside Iraq. The attacks against civilian Kurds are violent invasion of territory. Turkey is bound by international law. The effect of Article 2(4) Charter of the United Nations is very simple. It makes it illegal under international law to use force against another state. The 1970 Declaration on Principles of International Law describe the duty as one to avoid "military, political, economic or any other form of coercion aimed against the political independence or territorial integrity of any state." It is clear that any form of punitive action is illegal. It is also important to note that it is not just the use of force that is prohibited, but the threat of force. This raises questions as to the legality of Turkey's determination to continue its military cross-border operations. I strongly condemn Turkish air strikes which were probably designed to terrorize the local Kurdish civilians. The principle that civilians must be protected lies at the heart of the International Law of Armed Conflict. I urge you to do everything necessary to protect civilian Kurds. I urge you also to urge the Turkish military immediately to stop the air strikes and all military intervention to the area. A continuous escalation of the conflict will cause more suffering to civilians in the region, which so far has been the stable part of Iraq. Finally I urge you to ensure in all circumstances the respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms in accordance with the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and with international and regional human rights instruments ratified by Turkey and Iraq. I look for your urgent intervention into this matter. Yours respectfully Embassy of Republic of Iraq - Denmark Granhøj, 182900 Hellerup Denmark Fax: + 45 39 40 69 97 E-mail kbemb@iraqmofamail.net Subject: Please forward to His Excellency Nuri Kamil al-Maliki - Prime Minister of Iraq Your Excellency, I am writing you to express my deepest concern over Turkish military actions inside Kurdistan region in Northern Iraq. The killing of civilians and the destruction of villages - homes and property represent a gross violation of the Geneva conventions. Turkish Army flattened a series of small villages ranging between 20 and 70 kilometers inside Iraq. The attacks against civilian Kurds are violent invasion of territory. Turkey is bound by international law. The effect of Article 2(4) Charter of the United Nations is very simple. It makes it illegal under international law to use force against another state. The 1970 Declaration on Principles of International Law describe the duty as one to avoid "military, political, economic or any other form of coercion aimed against the political independence or territorial integrity of any state." It is clear that any form of punitive action is illegal. It is also important to note that it is not just the use of force that is prohibited, but the threat of force. This raises questions as to the legality of Turkey's determination to continue its military cross-border operations. I strongly condemn Turkish air strikes which were probably designed to terrorize the local Kurdish civilians. The principle that civilians must be protected lies at the heart of the International Law of Armed Conflict. I urge you to do everything necessary to protect civilian Kurds. There are 2.2 million civilians who fled out of Iraq and 2.4 million are internal displaced. Iraq doesn't need more refugees. I urge you also to urge the Turkish military immediately to stop the air strikes and all military intervention to the area. A continuous escalation of the conflict will cause more suffering to civilians in the region, which so far has been the stable part of Iraq. Finally I urge you to ensure in all circumstances the respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms in accordance with the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and with international and regional human rights instruments ratified by Turkey and Iraq. I look for your urgent intervention into this matter. Yours respectfully Kurdish regional Government offices The Kurdistan Regional Government in Erbil, Iraq

Link: <http://www.krg.org/contact.asp?lngnr=12&smap=01000000> Choose: Department of Foreign relations Subject: Please forward to His Excellency Nechirvan Barzani - Prime Minister Your Excellency, I am writing you to express my deepest concern over Turkish military actions inside Kurdistan region in Northern Iraq. The killing of civilians and the destruction of villages - homes and property represent a gross violation of the Geneva conventions. Turkish Army flattened a series of small villages ranging between 20 and 70 kilometers inside Iraq. The attacks against civilian Kurds are violent invasion of territory. Turkey is bound by international law. The effect of Article 2(4) Charter of the United Nations is very simple. It makes it illegal under international law to use force against another state. The 1970 Declaration on Principles of International Law describe the duty as one to avoid "military, political, economic or any other form of coercion aimed against the political independence or territorial integrity of any state." It is clear that any form of punitive action is illegal. It is also important to note that it is not just the use of force that is prohibited, but the threat of force. This raises questions as to the legality of Turkey's determination to continue its military cross-border operations. I strongly condemn Turkish air strikes which were probably designed to terrorize the local Kurdish civilians. The principle that civilians must be protected lies at the heart of the International Law of Armed Conflict. I urge you to do everything necessary to protect civilian Kurds. I urge you also to urge the Turkish military immediately to stop the air strikes and all military intervention to the area. A continuous escalation of the conflict will cause more suffering to civilians in the region, which so far has been the stable part of Iraq. Finally I urge you to ensure in all circumstances the respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms in accordance with the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and with international

and regional human rights instruments ratified by Turkey and Iraq. I look for your urgent intervention into this matter. Yours respectfully
 His Excellency Abdullah Gül
 The President of the Republic of Turkey
 Fax: + 90 312 427 1330
 E-mail: cumhurbaskanligi@tccb.gov.tr
 Your Excellency, I am writing you to express my deepest concern over Turkish military actions inside Kurdistan region in Northern Iraq. I urge you to exercise restraint, to respect the territorial integrity of Iraq, to refrain from taking any military action that could undermine regional peace and stability, and to fulfill your international obligations to ensure respect for International law and International humanitarian law. The killing of civilians and the destruction of villages - homes and property represent a gross violation of the Geneva conventions. Turkish Army flattened a series of small villages ranging between 20 and 70 kilometers inside Iraq. The attacks against civilian Kurds are violent invasion of territory. Turkey is bound by international law. The effect of Article 2(4) Charter of the United Nations is very simple. It makes it illegal under international law to use force against another state. The 1970 Declaration on Principles of International Law describe the duty as one to avoid "military, political, economic or any other form of coercion aimed against the political independence or territorial integrity of any state." It is clear that any form of punitive action is illegal. It is also important to note that it is not just the use of force that is prohibited, but the threat of force. This raises questions as to the legality of Turkey's determination to continue its military cross-border operations. I strongly condemn Turkish air strikes which were probably designed to terrorize the local Kurdish civilians. The principle that civilians must be protected lies at the heart of the International Law of Armed Conflict. I urge you to stop immediately the air strikes and all military intervention to the area. A continuous escalation of the conflict will cause more suffering to civilians in the region, which so far has been the stable part of Iraq. I reiterate that as a future EU member, Turkey must uphold to the highest standards in the promotion and protection of human rights. Finally I urge you to ensure in all circumstances the respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms in accordance with the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and with international and regional human rights instruments ratified by Turkey. I look for your urgent intervention into this matter. Yours respectfully
 His Excellency Recep Tayyip Erdogan
 The Prime Minister of the Republic of Turkey
 Office of the Prime Minister
 Baġbakanlık
 06573 Ankara
 Turkey

Fax: + 90 312 417 0476

Email tayyip Erdogan@rttdogan.com rte@akparti.org.tr
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